## **FY17 Subcommittee Reports**

Moderator: Elsie Quaite-Randall LBNL Chief Technology Transfer Officer and TTWG Chair



### **FY17 Subcommittees**

- CRADA Anne Miller Marketing Hemant Bhimnathwala Royalty Eric Payne Training Diane Hart Metrics Wendy Skinner



Anne Miller

### ALTERNATE CRADA CLAUSES SUBCOMMITTEE



## **CRADA: Objective**

 Collect alternate CRADA provisions used by DOE Laboratories, beyond those identified in DOE CRADA Order DOE O 483.1B

• To include:

- language adopted by DOE Labs in their CRADA template, to the extent it differs from the template and options in the DOE CRADA Order;
- provisions used in templates designed by the Labs for particular situations;
- or any other language used to address common issues.



## **CRADA: Key Outputs**

• 27 individual alternate CRADA provisions:

Address waiver of statute of limitations, consistency with DOE Cooperative Agreement provisions, projects with foreign government funded research institutions, multi-project CRADAs, cross-licensing, subcontractor Subject Inventions, option to laboratory Subject Inventions, joint bioenergy projects, dispute resolution, jointly funded property, loaned property, advance payment options, disclaimer, and modified copyright language.

#### • 3 templates:

- $\,\circ\,$  Short Form CRADA for SBIR/STTR
- $\,\circ\,$  International Basic Science CRADA
- $\,\circ\,$  CRADA terms for cyber vulnerability assessments



#### **CRADA: Next Steps**

- Provisions and templates collected to date have been submitted to Clara Asmail who will coordinate DOE review
- Outcomes of the review communicated back to TTWG membership.



Hemant Bhimnathwala

#### **MARKETING SUBCOMMITTEE**

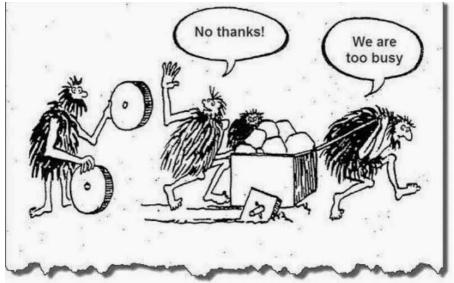
Technology Transfer Working Group

## **Marketing: Objective**

**INTENT:** What resources do DOE labs need for improving technology transfer? What can tech transfer offices do better?

#### **NEEDS:** Very broad scope

- Focused on Marketing and Sales efforts
- Quantify the need addressed in this iteration
- Specific solutions partially addressed, suggestions
- Not addressed contracts, DOE approval process, other ideas





### **Marketing Impact**

#### **Case Study – Catalytically Active nanocomposite coatings**



# Marketing: Key Output

Was resource challenged, did not reach out

Draft white paper

- Seeks to answer how much?
- Industry comparables: Why resources are needed? Why harder for DOE labs?
- Example case study
- A large shift
- Survey goals (top 4)
- Hosting individual company visits
- DOE programs (SBV, TCF, etc.)
- Engaging with PIs and their networks
- PI training
- Conferences

TTWG Fall Meeting – Nov. 16-17, 2017



Draft white paper (Ask was a white paper)

## **Marketing: Next Steps**

Short term - Seeking partners in crime

- Better white paper (a good writer!)
- Brainstorming (perhaps offsite, late December is good)

Intermediate term - Prepare a business plan (what if the

resources were granted?)

- Organization
- Inventory of activities
- Prioritization and scoping
- Use of funds
- Metrics
- This effort would require resources (OTT?)

#### Market the plan:

- Marketing resources!
- You don't get if you don't ask!

TTWG Fall Meeting – Nov. 16-17, 2017 If you are interested in participating on sub-committee we are taking names!



Eric Payne with Eugene Cochran and Catherine Koh

### ROYALTY RATES DATABASE SUBCOMMITTEE



## **Royalty: Objective**

... to assess resources available to the national laboratory technology transfer offices to determine royalty rates in patent and software (copyright) license agreements.



# **Royalty: Lab Survey Results**

- 5 of 14 labs responding had previously utilized AUTM's TransACT database to benchmark royalty rates and rated TransACT highly: 8.4 / 10
- 2 respondents utilized Tech Transfer Central with a slightly higher rating: 8.5 / 10.
- 7 respondents rated LES Deal Term Survey moderately high: 7.1 / 10.

Only 2 of 14 labs reported using consultants but rated their services highly. The primary constraint around use of consultants was the cost of the engagement.



## **Royalty: Lab Survey Results**

- Only 4 of 14 labs contribute their deal data to existing databases.
- 12 of 14 labs expressed a willingness and interest in contributing their data to a database in exchange for free or discounted access to the database.



## **Royalty: Next Steps**

- Some interest in establishing an FY18 committee to continue the effort of assessing various resources toward securing lab-wide access.
- Find a way to search national laboratory licensing terms



Diane Hart and Cherri Schmidt

### TRAINING RESOURCES SUBCOMMITTEE



#### **Training: Objective** Develop a Training Strategy

- **INTENT:** Upgrading and standardizing skills of all technology transfer professionals at DOE Labs beginner, intermediate and expert in different practice areas (CRADA, Licensing, SPP, etc.)
- **NEEDS:** To capture and share institutional knowledge for our diverse and constantly changing workforce
  - DOE specific where applicable
  - Accessible / Affordable
  - Multiple Modules relevant to broad tech transfer community
    - Licensing
    - Sponsored Research
    - Contracts
    - Legal; Patent and IP Attorney



# **Training: Key Output**

#### Identified an initial plan

- Brainstorm existing resources and curriculum modules available
  - Resources available on TTWG Sharepoint
- Discussed a variety of potential programs
  - Mentor or navigator program
  - Train the trainer within the TTWG community
    - Enable tech transfer professionals to provide guidance and train PIs
  - Legal professionals led training
  - Continue webinars
- Survey goals
  - Identify additional current resources (ones to use and ones to avoid)
  - Identify gaps and resources needed



## **Training: Next Steps**

- Appoint new sub-committee chair and/or co-chair
- Gather training materials to build an inventory of existing resources
  - Post on TTWG SharePoint site
- Develop and distribute survey:
  - Who do we need to train? (Diverse community of practitioners)
  - What are current resources? (Identify effective pre-existing materials)
  - Training success stories
- Develop roadmap what we have and where the gaps are in both selfservice resources and curriculum for training modules
- Based on survey results; prioritize training modules and delivery methods
- Identify resources needed to develop training (financial, consultant, etc..)

#### If you are interested in participating on sub-committee we are taking names!



Wendy Skinner

#### **METRICS SUBCOMMITTEE**



## **Metrics: Objective**

Charter: "...coordinate the annual DOE Technology Transfer Data Call and other tasks in support of DOE reporting requirements"

Intent: "Collect meaningful data from the DOE Lab/Sites"



Demonstrate the value of the technology transfer mission

1 – Sustain support for technology transfer

2 – Aide DOE in making S&T investment decisions



## **Metrics: Output**

- Formed sub-committee composed of all labs/sites that respond to the annual data call
- Have held 3 teleconferences
- Have drafted a revised definition for "Commercialized Technologies"
- Each lab/site has been requested to identify which elements in the annual data call they find "problematic"



### **Metrics: Next Steps**

- Have initial listing of "problematic elements"
- Sub-committee meeting 1<sup>st</sup> Wed of the month (2<sup>nd</sup> Wed in Jan & July)

End goal: Sub-committee will work through the "problem" elements, based on priority, one at a time and propose definition changes to TTWG Leadership for review and potential submittal to DOE-OTT for inclusion in FY-18 data call



#### Proposed Definition for Commercialized Technologies

Commercialized Technologies is the total number of patent and software successes that are associated with a commercial license used by a non-U.S. government entity. The license can be income and nonincome bearing. Trial, option and demo agreements are excluded. In the count, include each instance that a U.S. Patent and/or separate technology record (copyright/software) is tied to an active commercial license. Any type of U.S. patent should be counted. Foreign and EPC patents are excluded and PCT records should only be counted if the license is active before the U.S. Patent is filed. The patent and software successes should be reported each year the license is active. Software without an expiration date should be reported for 10 years.



#### **Top Problem Elements– based on initial review**

- 1. Commercialized Technologies
- 2. Economic Contribution from Licensed Technologies
- 3. Partner Name
- 4. Taxonomy Parallel Categorization
- 5. DOE Taxonomy
- 6. FY Partner \$ In Kind
- 7. Average Number of Days from Written Request to License Execution
- Total Number of Unique Small Businesses Collaborating w/ the Labs

- 1. Secondary category describing technical area
- 2. Science Education Activities Performed
- 3. Literature Review and Summary
- 4. Other Secondary Taxonomy
- 5. FY DOE \$ Contribution
- 6. Partner Organization
- 7. Multiple Partners on Same Agreement
- 8. U.S. Patent Applications Filed
- 9. Startup Companies

